

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Product and Company Information

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SUPERSEDES MSDS DATED: July 28, 2006

PRODUCT NAME: CeRam-Kote 2000



Section 2. Composition and Ingredient Information

Common Name	Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %
PART-A CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)			
Ceramic Filler	Ceramic Filler	67762-90-7 1344-28-1 14807-96-6	43 to 78
Proprietary #1* & #2*	Epoxy Resin	28064-14-4	8 to 32
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2-butanone	78-93-3	4 to 7
PART-B CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)			
Benzyl Alcohol		100-51-6	>45
4,4'-Methylenebicyclohexamine		1761-71-3	<2

*The specific chemical identity of this ingredient is declared proprietary information under 29 CFR 1910.1200, section (i) Trade Secret. Hazard Information is provided in this MSDS for this ingredient.

Section 3. Physical Data

Description	CeRam-Kote 2000 (catalyzed)	PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Specific Gravity (kg/l)	1.75	2.06	1.07
Boiling Point	>250° F	241° F	>200° C (392° F)
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	>Air	3.2	>Air
Solubility in Water	N/A	Insoluble	Miscible
Viscosity (centapoise)	700 to 1,500 cP	1200 to 2000 cP	300 to 450 cP
pH	Slightly Alkaline	Slightly Acidic	Alkaline
Appearance and odor	aromatic odor	aromatic odor	Translucent, ammonical odor
Density – packaged (on average)	14.50 lb/gal (6.42 kg)	12.70 lb/gal (5.76 kg)	1.87 lbs/quart (0.85 kg)
Total Volatiles	5 to 7	6 to 8	Nil
Non-Volatiles	93 to 95	92 to 94	100%
VOC content	0.74 lbs/gal (89 g/l) less water	0.95 lb/gal (111 g/l) less water	0 lbs/gal (0 g/l)

Section 4. Fire Fighting Measures

Description	PART A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Flashpoint	< 70°F (21.1°C)	>200°F (93.3°C)
Flammable Limits	LFL: 1.0% UFL: 7.0%	N/A
Auto Ignition Temperature	750°F (399°C) -IPA	N/A
Extinguishing Media	Foam, CO ₂ , dry chemical, water fog	Foam, CO ₂ , or dry chemical. A water spray can also be used.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	Do not apply to hot surfaces. Keep away from heat, sparks or open flame. Keep containers tightly closed. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Do not store or mix with strong oxidants.	Decomposition and combustion products may be toxic.
Fire Fighting Instructions	Use air-supplied rescue equipment for enclosed areas. Full stream water may be unsuitable as extinguishing method, but is helpful in keeping nearby containers cool. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling.	Use self contained breathing apparatus.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Primary combustion products are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and low molecular weight hydrocarbons. Other undetermined compounds could be released in small quantities.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes and nitrogen oxides.

Section 5. Reactivity Data

Description	PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Stability	Avoid high heat.	Stable.
Incompatibility	Avoid organic peroxides and oxidizers.	Avoid strong oxidizing agents, acids, copper and its alloys.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Various hydrocarbon fragments. See section 4 of MSDS for combustion products statement.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, and nitrogen oxides.
Hazardous Polymerization	May occur. Avoid excessive heat, contamination and prolonged storage above 70°F (21.1°C).	Will not occur.

Section 6. Health and Safety

	PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Primary Routes of Exposure	Inhalation, skin, eye	Dermal
Potential Health Effects	<p>Acute (short term): This product if inhaled may cause nose, throat, and mucous membrane irritation and possible central nervous system effects including headaches, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination, impaired judgment and general weakness. It may cause moderate irritation to the skin with dryness, cracking and possible dermatitis with prolonged or repeated contact. Direct eye contact with this product may cause immediate irritation to the eyes with redness, burning, tearing and blurred vision. It may cause mouth, throat and gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea if ingested. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.</p> <p>Chronic (long term): Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in irritation, dermatitis marked by rough, dry, cracking skin. Contact with the epoxy resin may cause sensitization. In lab animals, overexposure by inhalation to MIBK has been reported to cause liver and kidney abnormalities, and lung and brain damage. Kidney disorders have been reported from human ingestion of isopropanol.</p>	<p>Overexposure effects: Direct or prolonged skin or eye contact can cause skin and eye burns. Swallowing liquid can burn mouth and cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain and collapse. Can cause allergic skin and respiratory reactions after repetitive exposure. Animal studies on component (s) have shown effects on liver and fetus.</p>
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	Persons with a history of chronic respiratory disease, skin disease or central nervous system disorders may be at increased risk for worsening their conditions from exposure to this product.	Persons with a history of allergic conditions may be at increased risk for worsening their conditions from exposure to this product.

Section 7. First Aid Measures

Description	CeRam-Kote 2000 (Mixed) and/or PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Inhalation	Remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen and obtain medical aid.	Remove to fresh air. Give oxygen if breathing is difficult.
Eyes	Flush with running water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.	Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance.
Skin	Wash with flowing water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-wearing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.	Promptly wash thoroughly with mild soap and water.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.	DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure Controls

INGREDIENT	OSHA PEL (8-HR TWA)	ACGIH TLV (8-HR TWA)
*Proprietary #1, #2	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 15 mg/m ³ (total fraction)	10 mg/m ³
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 PPM, STEL 300 PPM	200 PPM, STEL 300 PPM
Ceramic Filler	2 mg/m ³	2 mg/m ³
Benzyl Alcohol	N/E	N/E
4,4'—Methylenebicyclohexamine	N/E	N/E

Personal Protection

Description	CeRam-Kote 2000(Mixed) and/or PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Engineering controls	General dilution ventilation and/or exhaust ventilation should be provided as necessary to maintain exposures below regulatory limits.	Good general mechanical ventilation is recommended. Local exhaust recommended.
Respiratory Protection	If irritation occurs, or if the TLV or PEL is exceeded, use a NIOSH/OSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges or canisters, or supplied air respirators. Use respiratory protection in accordance with your company's respiratory program, local regulations or OSHA regulations under 29 CFR 1910.134.	Organic chemical cartridge respirator, if needed.
Dermal Protection	Loose fitting long sleeved shirt, long pants and chemical resistant gloves such as neoprene or natural rubber gloves.	Wear impervious rubber gloves.
Eye Protection	Chemical protective goggles.	Splash-proof chemical goggles.

Section 9. Spills, Leaks and Disposal

Description	CeRam-Kote 2000 (Mixed) and/or PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
Land Spill	Prevent material from entering sewers or waterways. Remove all sources of ignition (flames, hot surfaces, and electrical static or frictional sparks). Ventilate area. Absorb with inert materials (vermiculite or sand) and place in a closed container for disposal as solid waste. Wash area well with trisodium phosphate and water.	Avoid all personal contact. Take up with absorbent material. Shovel into closeable containers. Flush contaminated area with water.
Water Spill	Material is mostly insoluble. The material will sink. Notify local environmental, health and wildlife authorities, and water intake operators. Contain with booms and minimize spread on water. Disperse any remaining residue to reduce aquatic harm.	This product is miscible in water. That means it is totally dissolved when mixed with water. Due to this property, this is considered a marine pollutant; however, when mixed with Part A, and after the product cures, it is totally inert.
Air Release	Spills of this material may release volatile organic compounds into the air. Spills should be cleaned or covered to prevent volatilization.	This product reacts with air by absorbing the moisture out of the air. Take up with absorbent material. Shovel into closeable containers. Flush contaminated area with water.
Disposal Considerations	Characteristic hazardous waste (D001) due to ignitability.	Not a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261).

Section 10. Transport Information

Description	PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
DOT/IATA/IMDG Shipping Names	Resin Solution	Non-Regulated
Hazard Class or Division	3	N/A
Secondary	None	None
UN Identification Number	UN 1866	N/A
Packing Group	III	N/A
Label(s) required	Flammable (3)	N/A
Quantity Limitations (Air only)		
Passenger Aircraft	60 liters (15 gallons)	N/A
Cargo Aircraft	220 liters (58 gallons)	N/A
Packing Instructions		
Passenger Aircraft	309	N/A
Cargo Aircraft	310	N/A

Section 11. Regulatory Information

Description	PART-A: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Base)	PART-B: CeRam-Kote 2000 (Curing Agent)
ERG Number	26	N/A
TSCA Status	Each ingredient is on the inventory	Chemical components listed on inventory
SARA Title III	Sec 304: N/A Sec 313: N/A	Sec 313: none
Clean Air Act	N/A	N/A